

Teleconnections and Cascading Impacts

Policy Implications and Lessons Learned in the Los Angeles Region

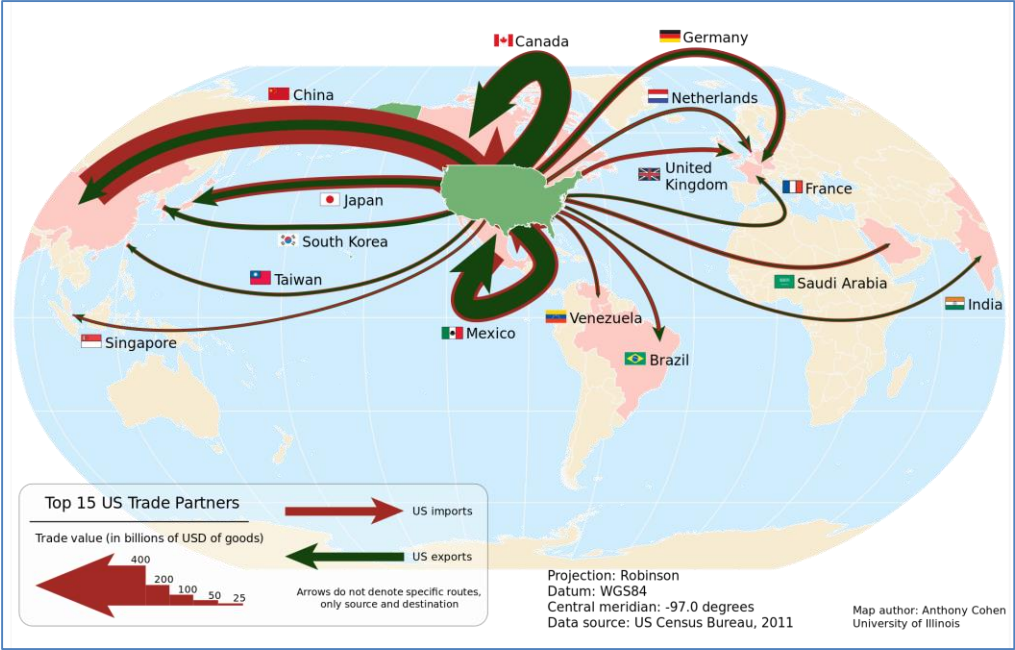
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Core Concepts: Teleconnections and Cascading Impacts

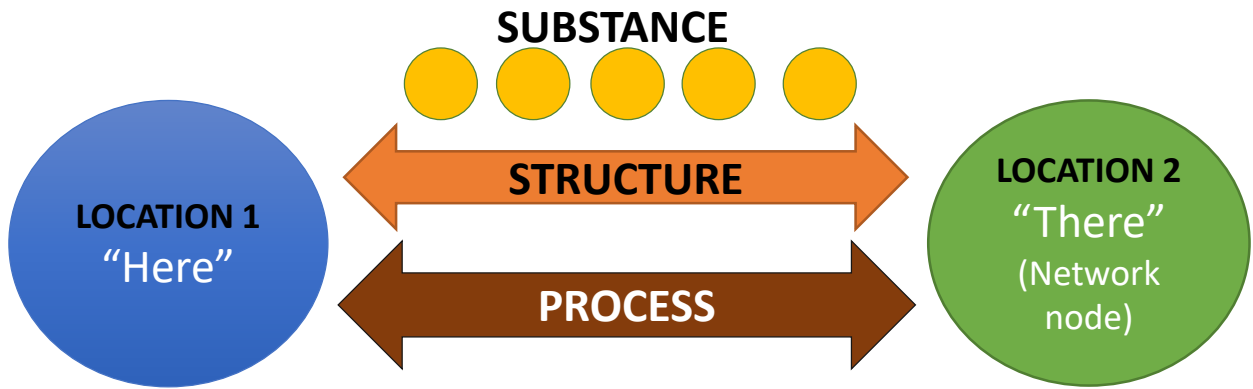


Societal teleconnections

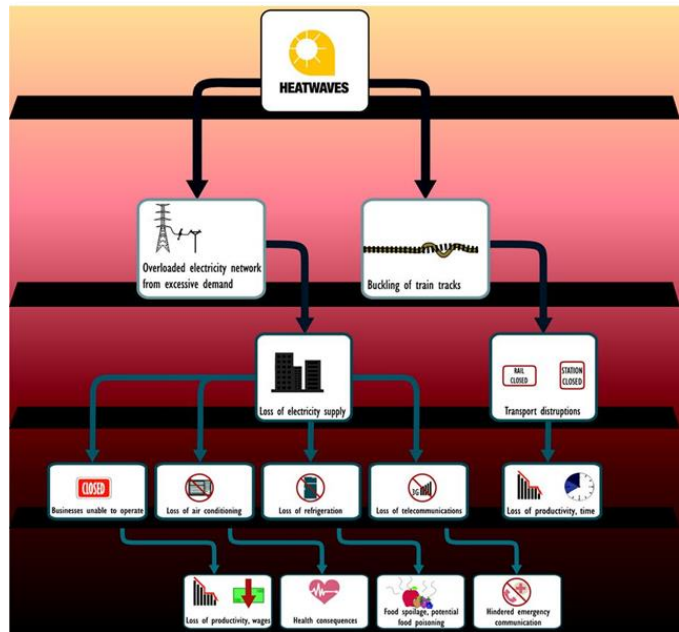
- **Human-created interconnectivity** among systems that transcend local/national/international boundaries

Cascading impacts

- **Downstream impacts** of an initial event, rippling through a system in hard-to-predict ways



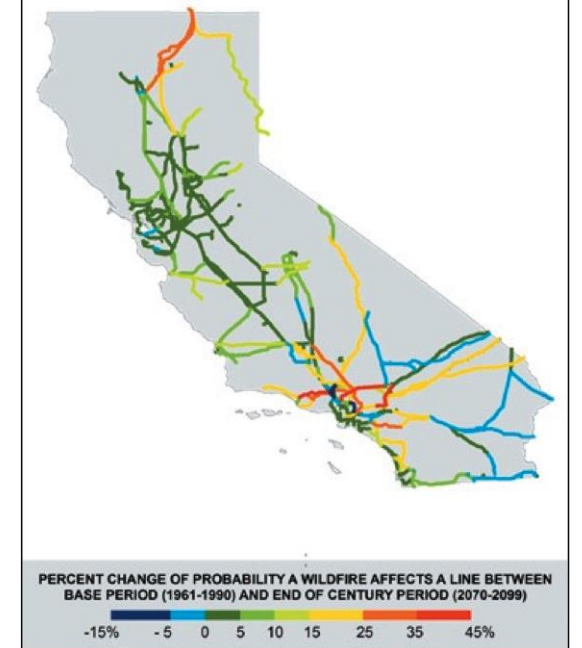
Source: Moser & Finzi Hart (2015) *Climatic Change*



Source: Commissioner for Env. Sustainability, Victoria, Australia

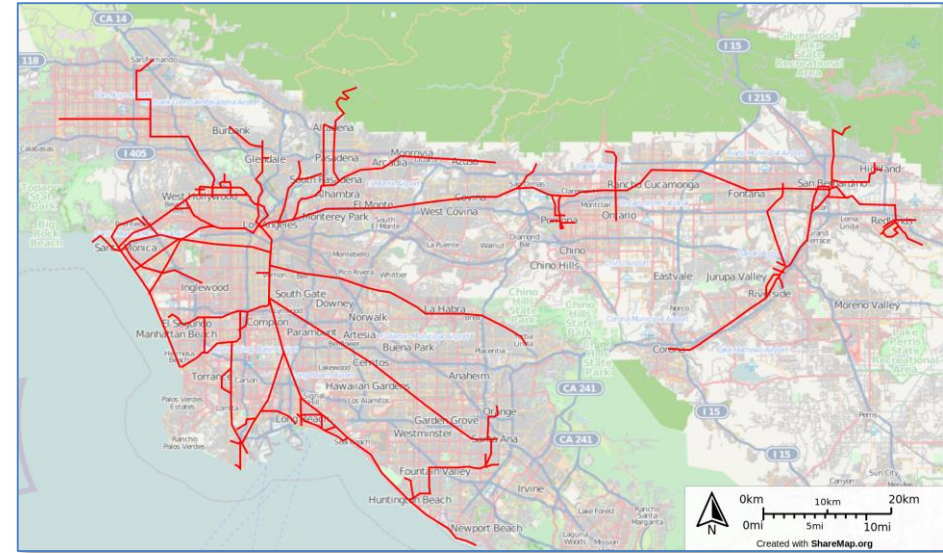
Example: Energy System

- *Structure*
 - Transmission lines connecting power generation and consumption
- *Process*
 - Supply & demand; energy markets, policies & regulations
- *Substance*
 - Electricity, oil, natural gas
- *Vulnerabilities > Considerations in Adaptation*
 - Energy production & transmission disruptions lead to economic, public health impacts
 - Increased energy use during extreme events can lead to shortages
 - Downstream impacts to critical lifelines



Project Details

- Geographic Focus: L.A. Metropolitan Area
- Inter-sectoral Focus: Long-distance and downstream impacts on community lifelines
 - Electricity System
 - Communications, Water, Transportation, Emergency Response and Public Health



Source: Wikipedia; Rocky Mountain Institute

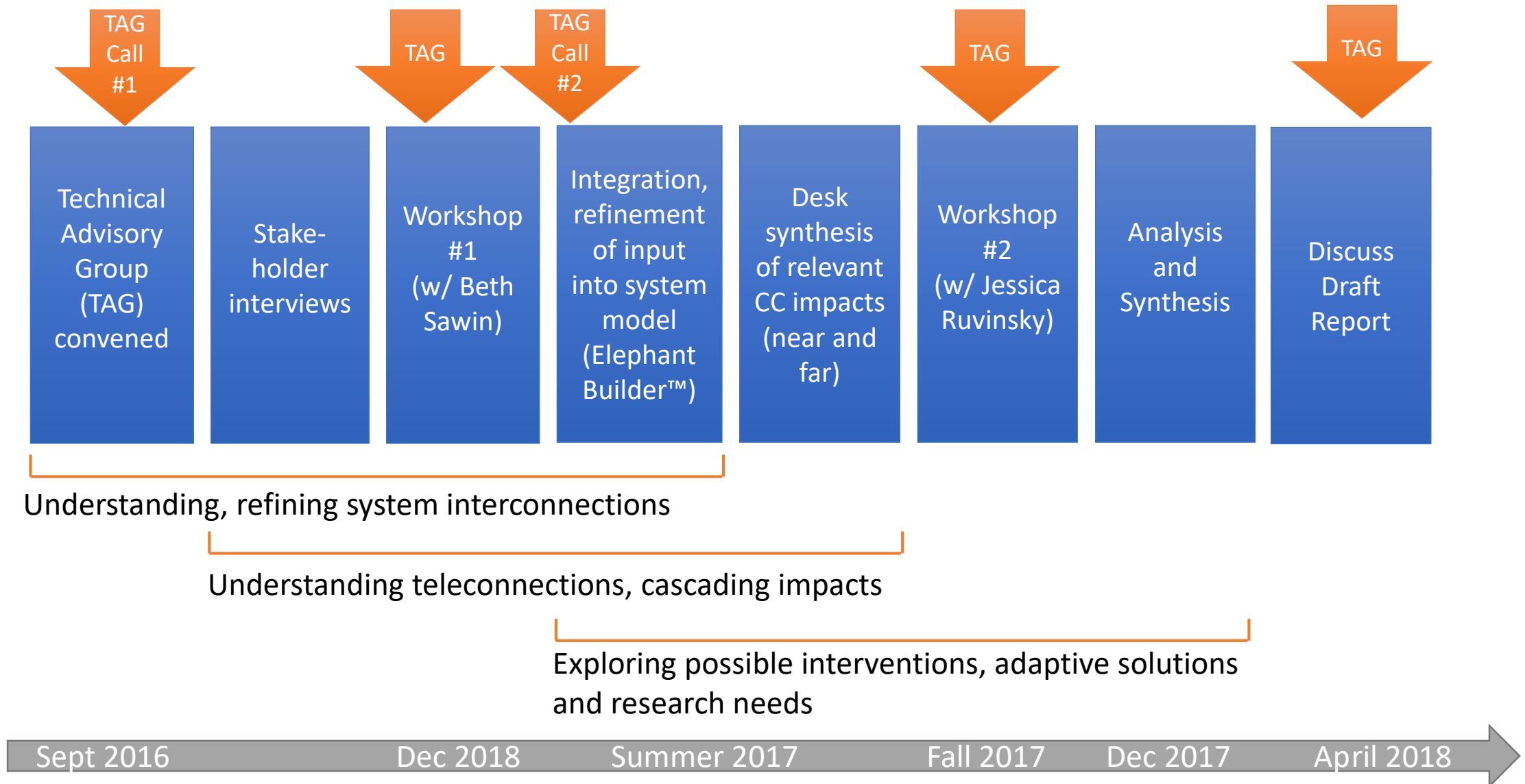
Project Goals

- Test the utility of a conceptual framework on societal teleconnections as a tool to assist electrical grid and downstream lifeline managers in preparing for climate change
- Identify research needs and action barriers
- Help other metropolitan areas and communities in California conduct similar analyses and improve their adaptation planning efforts

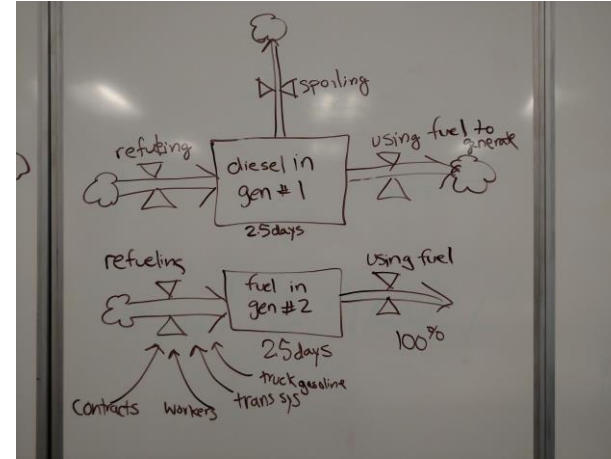
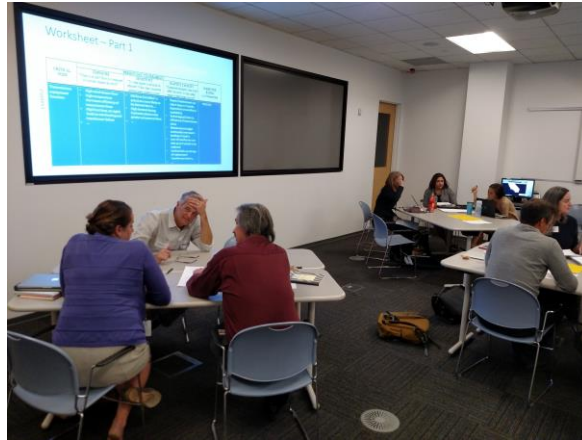


Pilot Study Approach:

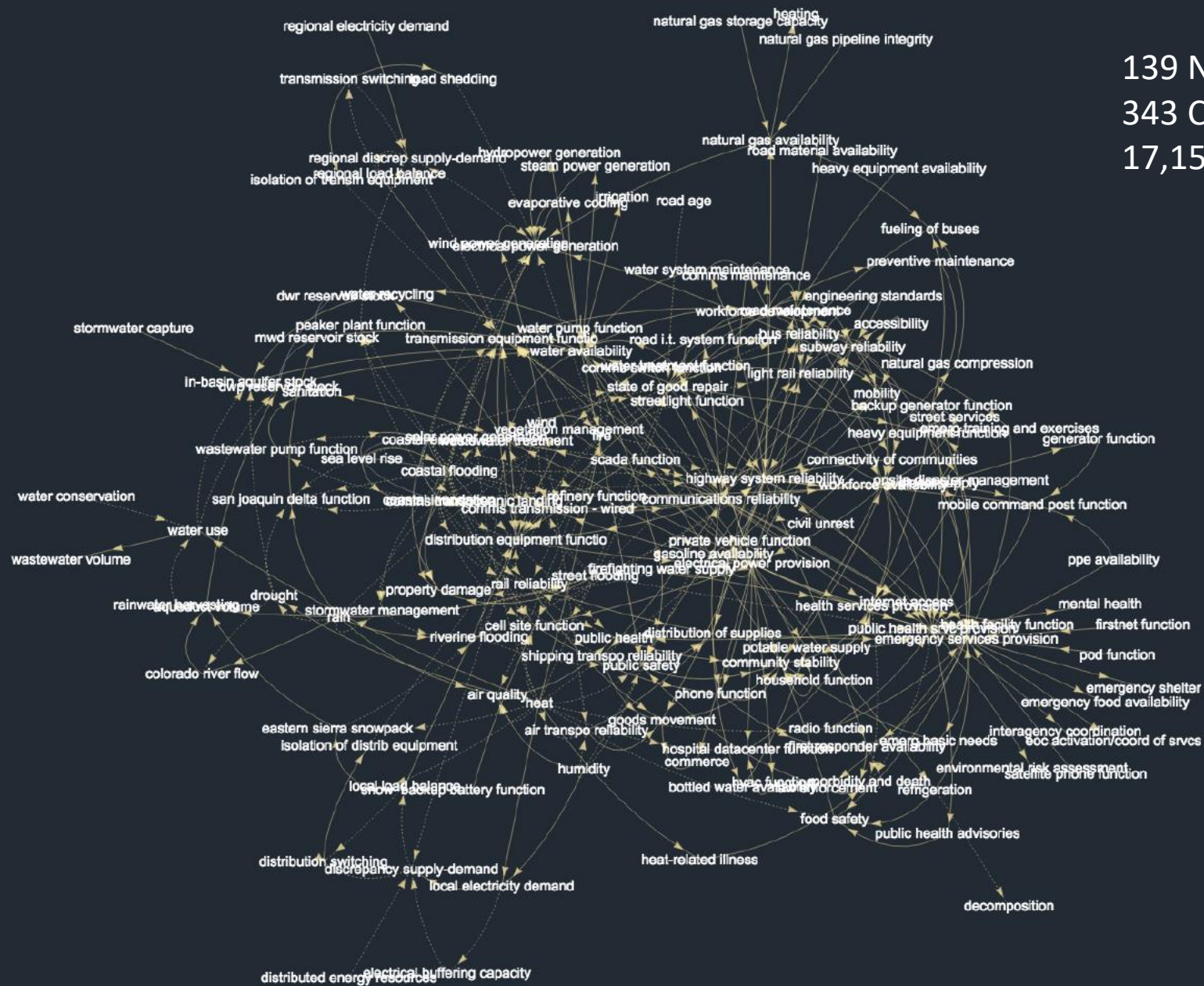
Exploring a complex issue step by step...

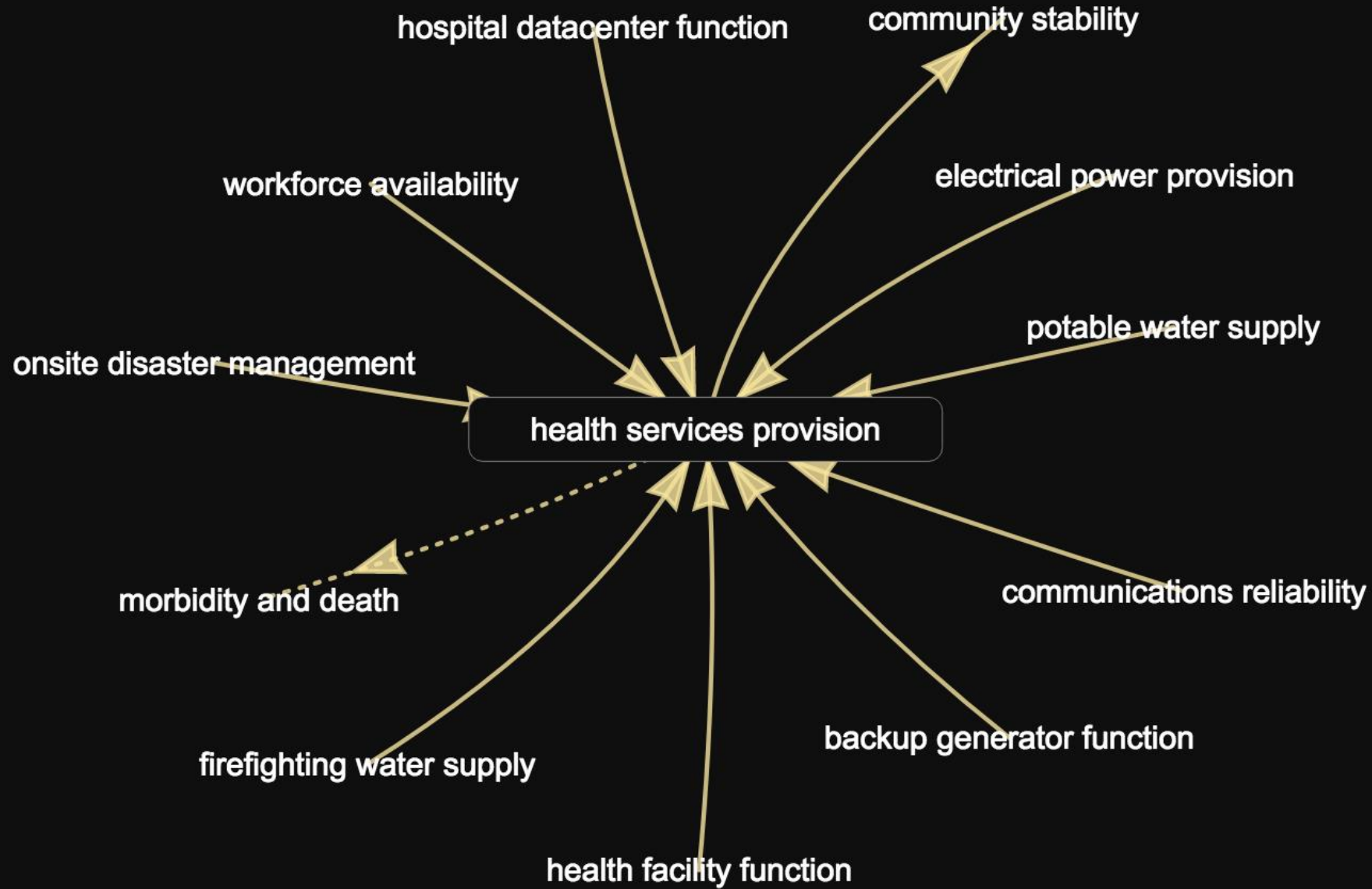


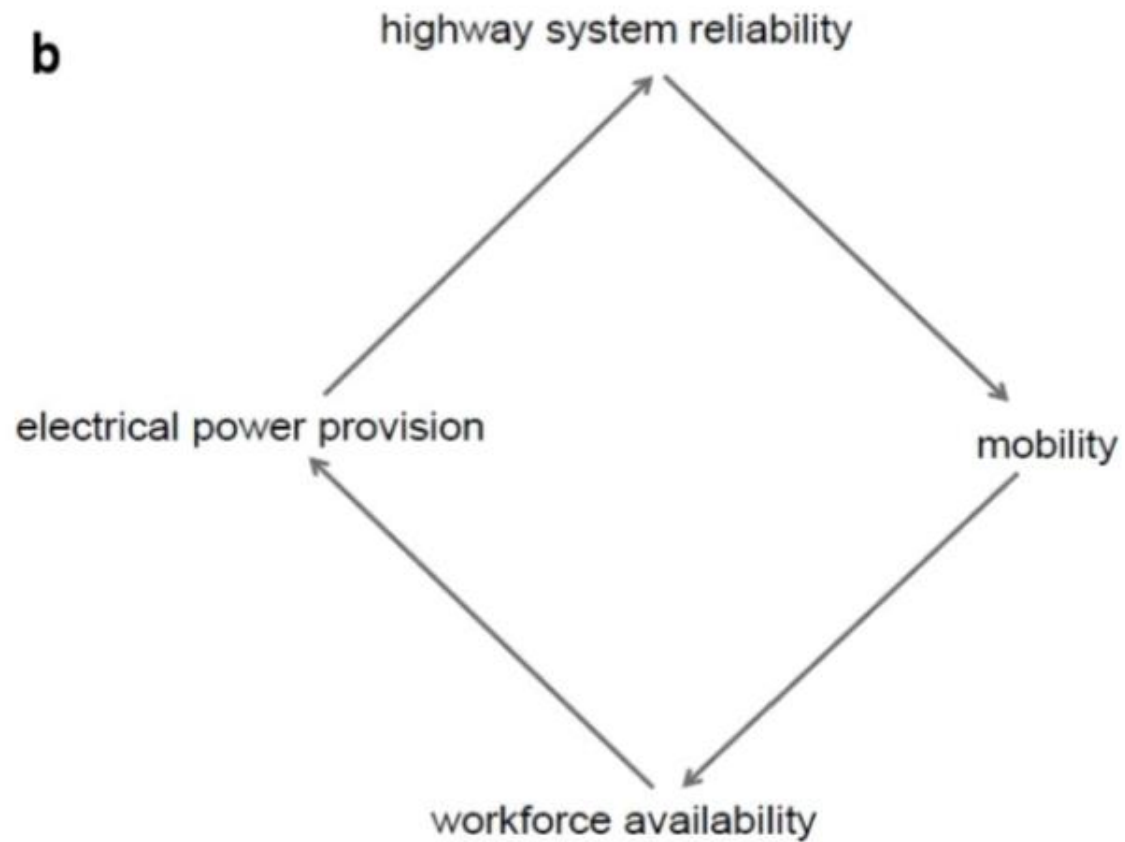
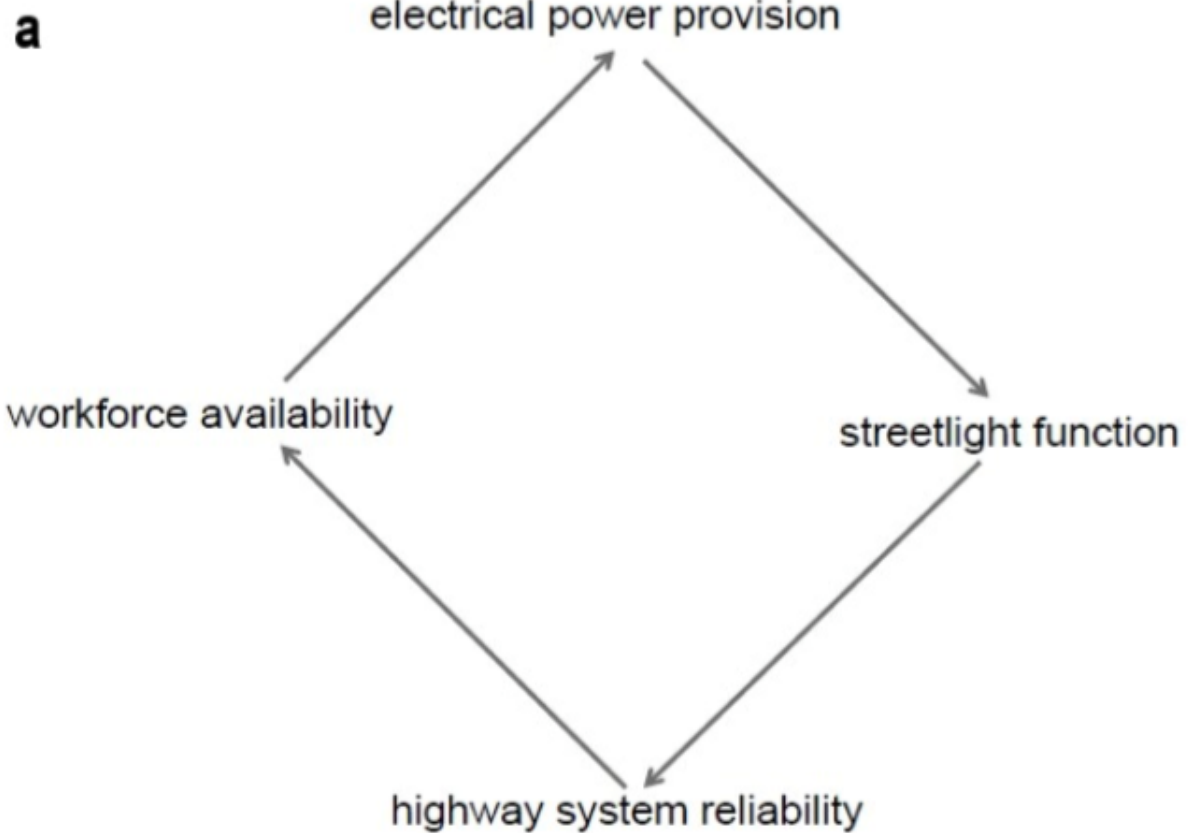
A Transdisciplinary Approach From Beginning to End



139 Nodes
343 Connections
17,158 Loops







Key Study Insights

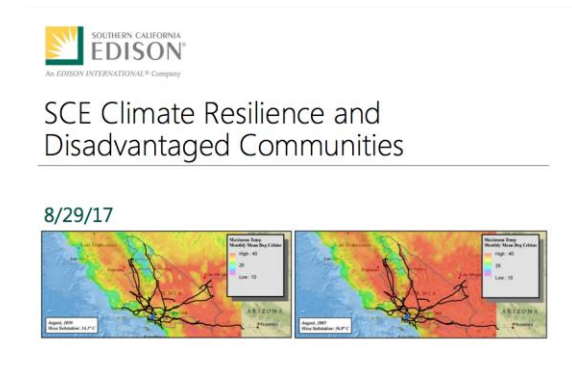
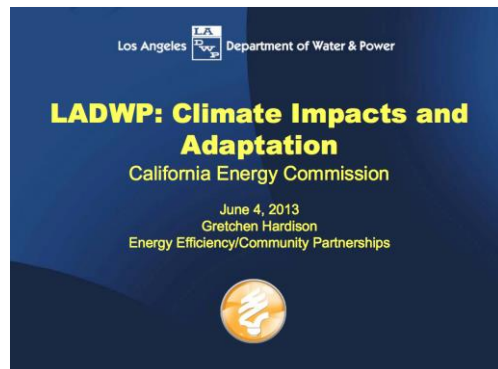
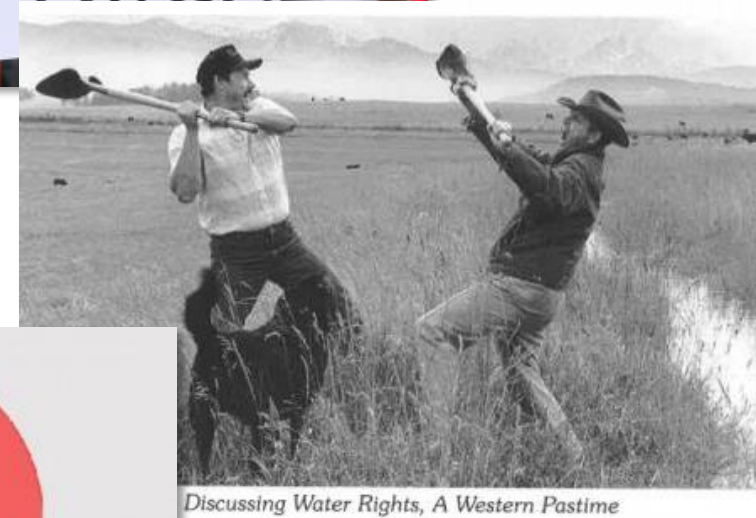
Interconnections and Cascades

- No unified map of the interconnected lifeline system until now
- Functioning of the overall system is an emergent property without overarching control
- There are critical mutual dependencies and notable gaps
- Overconfidence in controllability of individual (yet interconnected) lifeline systems



Gaps in the Interconnected Lifeline System

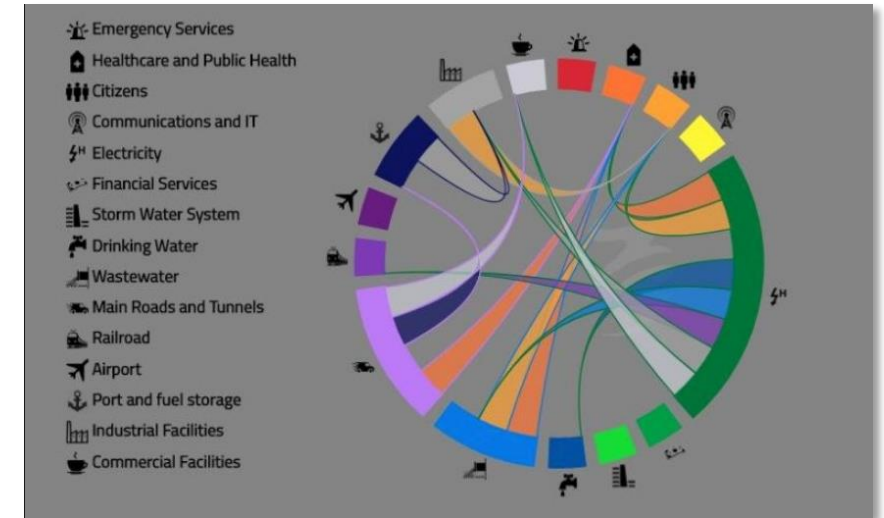
- Cross-sector relations informal and ad-hoc
- Deferred maintenance impacts physical structures
- Staff capacity
- Historical legacies
- Experience and attitudes
- Varying degrees of adaptation planning



Key Study Insights:

Assessing Complex Risks in Practice

- Utilities have their own system models, but not connected to other lifelines
- Consulting firms/research institutes provide expensive networked risk models
- Various boutique approaches
 - Build a common understanding of mutual dependence
 - Learn about archetypal system behavior
 - Identify intervention points
 - Limited in direct link to operations



Key Study Insights:

Teleconnections

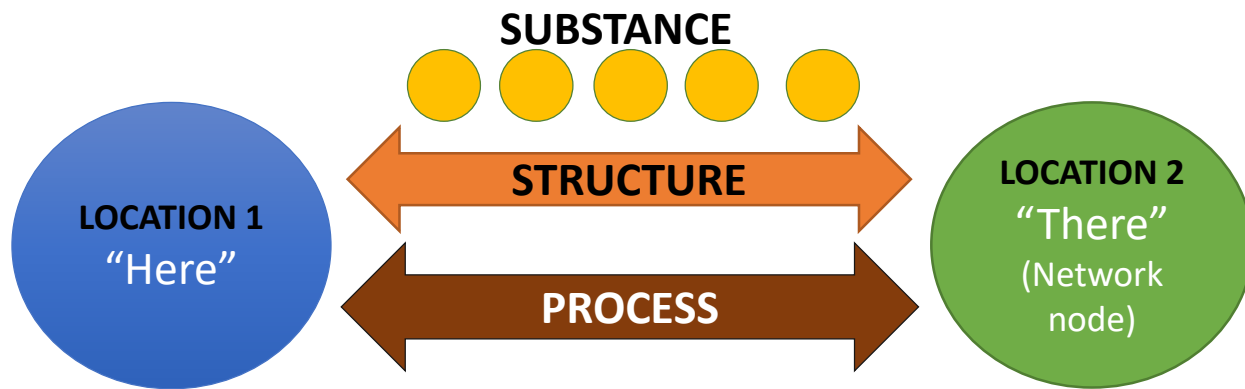


Teleconnections

- Teleconnections have variable and overlapping geographies
 - Service area/customer base
 - Supply chains
 - Management area
 - Governance across scales
- The teleconnections of one lifeline systems can be entirely different from those of another lifeline
 - Overlaps can increase risks
- In some instances, teleconnections are already actively used and managed
 - Procurement/supply chains
 - Water imports
- “Hardware” and “software” are weakest part of the teleconnection

Key Study Insights:

Teleconnections Framework



Utility of the Conceptual Framework

- Greatest benefit in bringing lifeline managers together in a room
- Opening up imagination to scope and complexity
- Useful to focus our research
 - Interview questions
 - Workshop design
 - Data analysis
- Greater utility at a later stage in the assessment of teleconnected (and even cascading) risks

Key Study Insights (cont.)

Climate Change Impacts, Adaptation and Preparedness for Extreme Events

- Significant advances in understanding extremes, yet aspects of greatest interest to lifeline managers are still active research frontiers
 - Esp. long-duration, concatenated or compound climate risks
- Well-established focus on and procedures for extreme events
- But, among some, lack of concern and active efforts in adaptation planning among those who are responsible for the basic functioning, safety, stability and well-being of communities



Moving Preparedness for Teleconnected & Cascading Impacts Forward

Advancing Understanding

- Climate Science and Extreme Events Relevant to Infrastructure
- Teleconnections and Complex Interdependent Lifeline Systems
- Understanding the Legal Context
- Technical/Material Science Needs and Data Gaps
- Building Tools at the Right Scale
- Pilot and Demonstration Projects

Action Opportunities

- Overarching: Closing Governance Gaps and Improving Policy Coherence
- Motivating Integrated Adaptation Planning through State-Level Policy
- Participating in Regional Lifeline Scenario Planning Exercises
- Addressing Institutional Barriers Within and Between Lifeline Sectors
- Taking Preparedness Measures at the Utility and Agency-Level

Action Opportunities

- Challenge #1: Building Back Better After Disaster
- Challenge #2: Detrimental Post-Disaster Waivers
- Challenge #3: Common Sequences of Extreme Events
- Challenge #4: Interconnections and Interdependencies
- Challenge #5: Lack of Communication

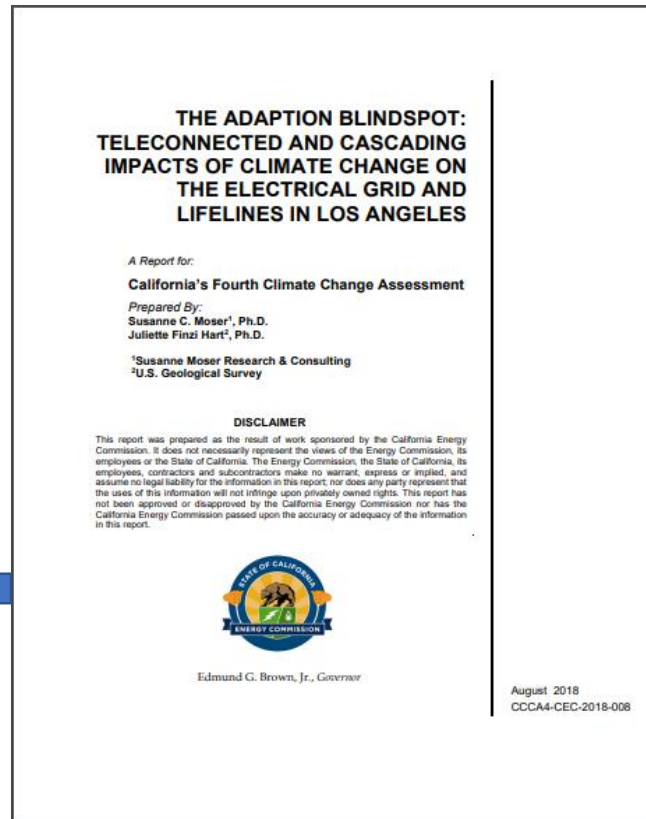


Action Opportunities (Cont.)

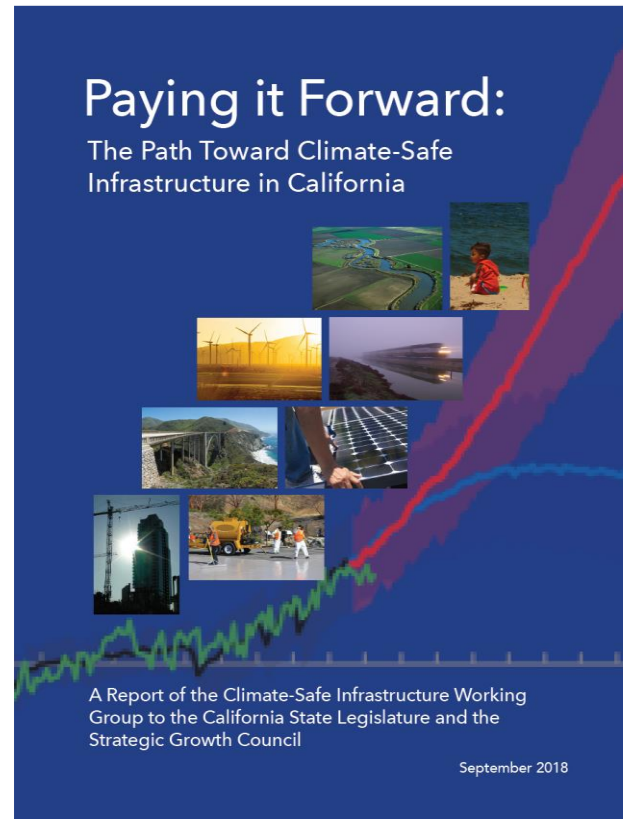
Taking Preparedness Measures at the Utility and Agency-Level



Further Reading



http://www.climateassessment.ca.gov/techreports/docs/20180827-Energy_CCCA4-CEC-2018-008.pdf



- 16-page Executive Summary
- 160-page Full Report
- 13 Appendices
- Additional materials (meeting materials and webinars) produced over the course of the project available at:

<http://resources.ca.gov/climate/climate-safe-infrastructure-working-group/>

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